

## Claims:

We claim:

- 1 1. A method for estimating a channel impulse response in an ultra wide  
2 bandwidth (UWB) system comprising:  
3       receiving a plurality of training sequences modulated at a chip rate;  
4       sampling each training sequence in parallel with multiple correlators  
5 at sampling rate substantially slower than the chip rate to obtain a plurality  
6 of samples for each training sequence; and  
7       estimating the channel over a time interval of the impulse response  
8 from the plurality of sample of the plurality of sequences at a resolution  
9 substantially equal to the chip rate.
- 1 2. The method of claim 1, in which each training sequence is passed through  
2  $n$  correlators to generate  $n$  samples for each correlator.
- 1 3. The method of claim 1, in which the sampling rate is at least ten times  
2 slower than the chip rate.
- 1 4. The method of claim 1, in which the sampling rate is equal to a symbol  
2 rate.
- 1 5. The method of claim 1 further comprising:  
2       estimating equalizer coefficients from the estimate of the channel  
3 impulse response.

1 6. The method of claim 1 further comprising:  
2 estimating weights for the corresponding correlators to acquire most  
3 of the available energy of a data signal received via the estimated channel.

1 7. The method of claim 1, in which a first subset of the samples are for a  
2 rough estimate, and a second subset of the samples are used for an accurate  
3 estimate based on the rough estimate.

1 8. The method of claim 1, in which the estimate is based on a previous  
2 estimate of the channel impulse response.

1 9. The method of claim 1, in which each correlator generates  $k$  sample,  
2 where  $k$  is greater than one.